# **CHAPTER 80**

# **Aircraft**

### CHAPTER 80 – AIRCRAFT

#### 81 NIFC Aircraft and Contract Large Transport Aircraft

NIFC Aircraft are National Interagency Resources.

#### 81.1 NIFC Aircraft – FS

<u>Aircraft</u>	Flight Rate Per Hour	Daily (FOR)
N144Z – Cessna Citation	\$ 602	\$ 1,327
N148Z – King Air 200	\$ 448	\$ 733

A Fixed Operating Rate (FOR) is charged for all non-FS administrative flights. It is not charged to any user if the mission is for fire suppression. Forest Service administrative flights do not pay the FOR. For further information, contact the FS National Aviation Operations at NIFC.

Rates are subject to change.

#### **PERFORMANCE**

# N144Z Cessna Citation

- -- Block speed 370 kts.
- -- Fuel Jet.
- -- Endurance for infrared missions (2 Pilots, 1 Technician) 4.5 Hours (with reserves
- -- Maximum take-off weight 14,800 lbs.
- -- Runway Hard surface, minimum 4,000 feet @ sea level
- -- Passenger configuration 6 passengers + baggage.

#### N148Z King Air 200 (Cargo Door)

- -- Block speed 240 kts.
- -- Fuel Jet
- -- Endurance for infrared missions (2 Pilots, 1 Technician) 4 Hours (with reserves
- -- Maximum take-off weight 12,500 lbs.
- -- Runway Hard surface, minimum 4,000 feet @ sea level
- -- Passenger configuration 6-8 passengers + baggage
- -- Cargo configuration -2,000 lbs. (1 Pilot), 2 + 30 hour endurance (with reserves).

# 81.1.1 Airborne Thermal Infrared (IR) Fire Mapping and Detection

# A. Capabilities and Limitations:

#### 1. Infrared Scanners:

- a. Infrared energy can penetrate smoke and haze, but is limited by clouds and fog. Infrared energy follows a line-of-sight path.
- b. For best results, imagery should be taken between the hours of 1000-1400 and between one (1) hour after sunset and one (1) hour before sunrise. Imagery flights can be made at other times, but expect degradation in fire detection.

#### 2. Infrared Aircraft:

- a. All infrared aircraft can air drop imagery. The final decision for a drop will be left to the Pilot-in-Command and only when positive air-to-ground communications has been established.
- b. Aircraft normally require a 5,000 foot, hard-surfaced, lighted runway. A 28-volt, 1,000 amp ground power unit (GPU) should be provided for aircraft starting.

#### 81.2 NIFC Large Transport Contract Aircraft

<u>Aircraft</u>	Flight Rate Per Hour	Daily <u>Availability</u>	Passenger Seating
Boeing 737-200	\$5555	\$7400	101

# **82** Tactical Aircraft

# 82.1 Lead Planes/Aerial Supervision Aircraft – FS

For a complete list of all Smokejumper Aircraft, refer to the following web site:

http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/Lead\_Planes.pdf

## 82.2 Air Tactical Avionics Typing

Required Equipment	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4
Aeronautical VHF-AM radio transceivers	2 each	2 each	2 each	2 each
Aeronautical VHF-FM radio transceivers	2 each	1 each	1 each	-
Transponder & altitude encoder	X	X	X	X
Panel Mounted GPS	1 each	1 each	Note 1	Note 1
Handheld GPS	-	-	Note 1	Note 1
Separate audio control systems for pilot and ATGS	X	X	-	-
An audio control system	-	-	X	X
Audio/mic jacks with PTT capability in the rear seat connected to the co-pilot/ATGS's audio control system	X	X	-	-
An intercommunication System	X	X	X	X
AUX-FM provisions	Note 2	Note 2		
AFF	Note 3	Note 3	-	-
2 - aeronautical VHF-FM antennas	-	-	-	X
An accessory power source	-	-	-	X
A portable Air Attack kit				X

Note 1: Type 3 and 4 aircraft must have either a panel mounted GPS or a handheld GPS (subject to local contract requirements).

Note 2: Type 1 and 2 aircraft must have either AUX-FM provisions or an additional aeronautical VHF-FM radio transceiver.

Note 3: AFF is required on Type 1 and 2 exclusive use aircraft.

Note 4: Air Attack kits may be agency or contractor furnished.

### 82.3 Smokejumper Aircraft

For a complete list of all Smokejumper Aircraft, refer to the following web site: <a href="http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/Smokejumper\_Aircraft.pdf">http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/Smokejumper\_Aircraft.pdf</a>

#### **83** Federal Airtankers

The primary mission of federally contracted large fixed-wing airtankers is initial attack operations.

The NICC will prioritize and allocate federal airtankers by positioning them in Areas of current or predicted high wildfire danger or activity.

For a complete list of all Federal Airtankers, refer to the following web site: <a href="http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/Airtankers.pdf">http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/Airtankers.pdf</a>

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# 84 Helicopters – Exclusive Use

# 84.1 Type 2 Exclusive Use Helicopters

For a complete list of all Type 2 Exclusive/National Helicopters, refer to the following web site: <a href="http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/T-2\_Helicopters.pdf">http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/T-2\_Helicopters.pdf</a>

## 84.2 Type 1 Exclusive Use Helicopters, Standard/Limited Category – 2005

For a complete list of all Type 1 Exclusive use Standard and Limited category Helicopters, refer to the following web site:

http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/T-1\_Helicopters.pdf

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